



Better **Health**, Better **Care**, Better **Value**
COVENTRY AND WARWICKSHIRE

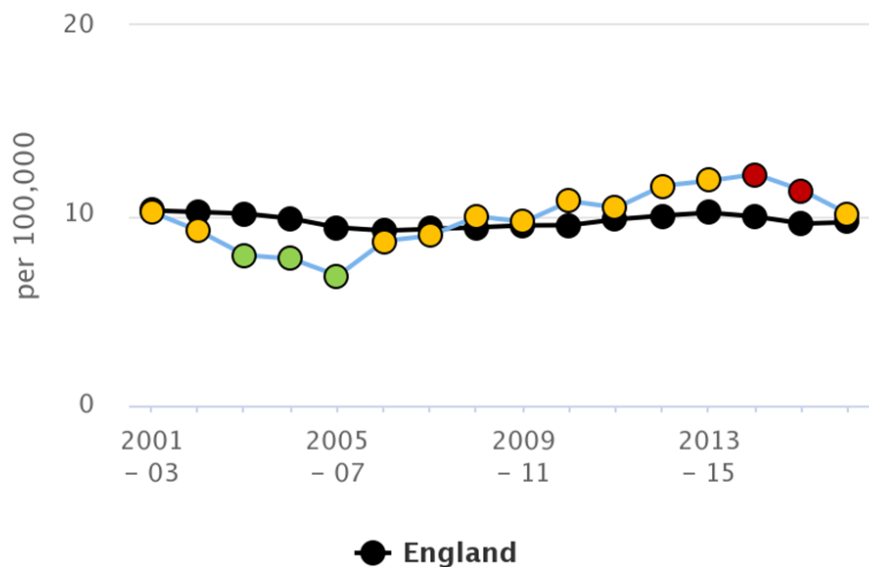
Suicide Prevention using a population health approach



Background

NHS Suicide Prevention Transformation Funding awarded to Coventry and Warwickshire Health and Care Partnership due to high rates among middle-aged men

Suicide rate (Persons) for Warwickshire



Suicide rate (Persons) for Coventry



Funding to support national target of 10% in suicide mortality rates by 2020/21



Population Health Management

Key principles:

- Understanding access, outcomes, risk factors & opportunities among population groups
- Strengthening use of data & intelligence (individual & aggregated level)
- Empowering patients & frontline workers
- Keeping people well & improving quality of life



Understanding the data...

Understanding risk factors using local data and intelligence

- Key risk factors identified:

- Financial difficulties
- Housing
- Physical illness &/ chronic pain
- Adverse childhood events
- Previous self-harm

- Loneliness/isolation
- Relationship breakdown
- Transition between services
- Substance misuse/dual diagnosis



Population health approach to suicide prevention

- **Define & understand your target population**
 - Whole population prevention activity
 - 75% of deaths by suicide are males
 - Approx. half in 40-59 age group
- **Use data to direct activity, monitor impacts & respond to changes**
 - Quality improvement approach in place for NHS E funded activity
- **Empower patients & workforce**
 - Beyond the data...
 - Co-production, strengths-based approaches



Suicide Prevention

Physical environment – signage in hotspots

Supporting workplaces – campaigns and training with large employers and unions

Upskilling the workforce - health, blue lights services, Citizens Advice, DWP workers, CGL, housing & homeless support, DV support

Safety planning – moving from risk assessment towards strengths-based safety planning in specialist MH services

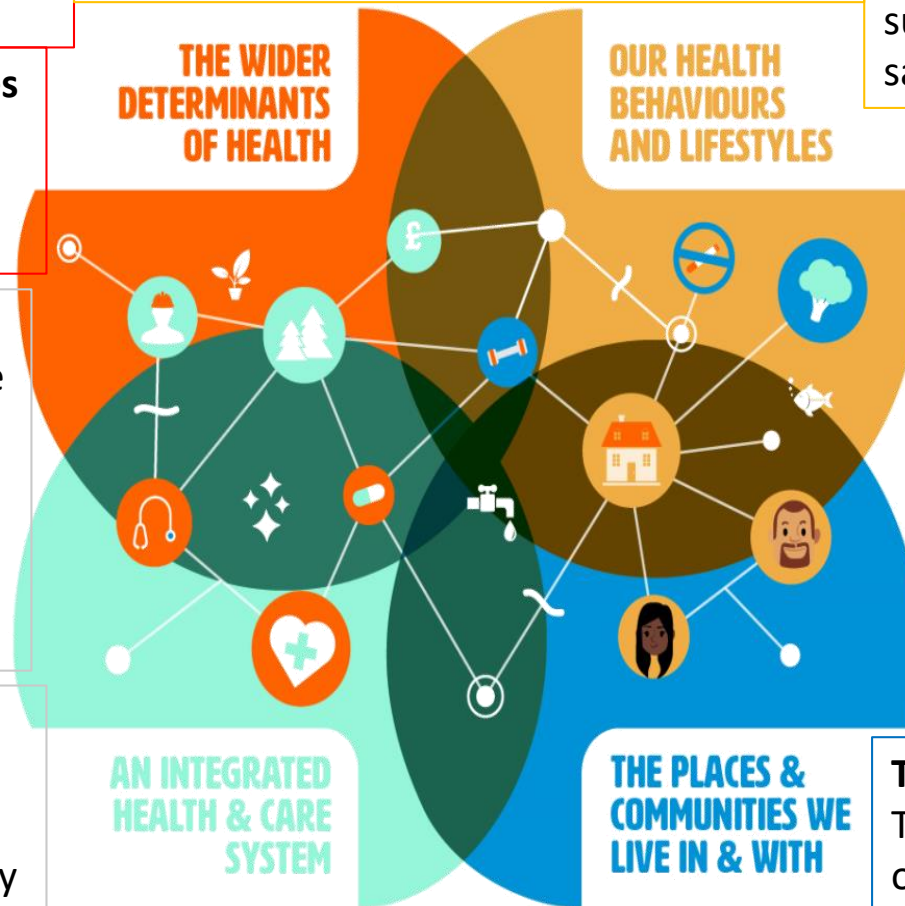
Co-production – people with lived experience, commissioners, providers, VCS

Stay Alive App – tool to support individuals develop safety plan and ‘Life Box’

Mindstance course – Mind & CGL to provide additional support for people with dual diagnosis

Promoting wellbeing and reducing isolation– eg: Wildlife Trust funding to increase volunteering, physical activity and engagement with nature

Tackling stigma – It Takes Balls to Talk, Year of Wellbeing and additional social media campaign activity



Safe Havens - community-based evening drop-in support closer to where people live

Kaleidoscope – A Lived Experience

- Regardless of the period of time since their bereavement, participants had either none or very little support following their bereavement
 - 32% of people were offered or accessed professional or specialist support
 - 8% found their own support which was group based, however respondents reported that they only attended once as it did not meet their needs, however there was nothing else suitable available
 - 32% of people reported that they felt unable to access support due to not being an immediate family member
- Support was patchy and inconsistent (sometimes not offered or available to all)
- Too generic – not specialist, participants reported that talking was helpful but it was not targeted at their needs at the time
- Frequent mention of need for specialist support and not just groups e.g. age specific and online options
- Practical and not just emotional support was considered to be important





Crafty Blokes
and the art of
Wellbeing

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